

NEWS

FROM

THE AMERICAN COMMITTEE ON
4 WEST 40TH STREET, NEW YORK
LACKAWANNA 4-9738
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

George Houser, Executive Director

August 6th, 1959 5 P.M.

MEMBERS OF UNITED STATES CONGRESS IN A JOINT STATEMENT ISSUED IN WASHINGTON, D. C., EXPRESS THEIR CONCERN OVER THE SITUATION IN ALGERIA AND RECOGNIZE THE RIGHT OF THE ALGERIAN PEOPLE TO INDEPENDENCE.

"We recognize the right of the Algerian people -- as of all people -- to self-determination and independence."

This is one of the clear-cut statements included in a joint declaration signed by 16 members of the United States Congress and released in Washington, D. C., on August 6, 1959.

The declaration also expresses the "deep concern" of its sponsor over "the war in Algeria" which "will soon enter its sixth year."

The joint declaration recommends that the U.S. "urge our ally, France, to enter into negotiations for the cessation of the conflict."

The Congressmen who sponsored the joint declaration emphasized the fact that they "can not remain silent about this tragic war in Algeria" and that they "publicly urge a negotiated peace now between the two parties concerned."

The full text of the joint statement, which follows, was signed by Victor Anfuso, Byron Johnson, George Kasen, Charles A. Boyle, William Meyer, Robert Mix, Charles O. Porter, Adam G. Powell, Henry Reuss, Frank Thompson, Leonard Wolf, James Roosevelt, Richard Bolling, Edward P. Boland, Hugh J. Addonizio, and Frank Clark.



Pierre Guyotat

Tomb for 500,000 Soldiers



Factors Inducing Revolution

