

PROJECT MOONDROP

Date: 22 Mar 94

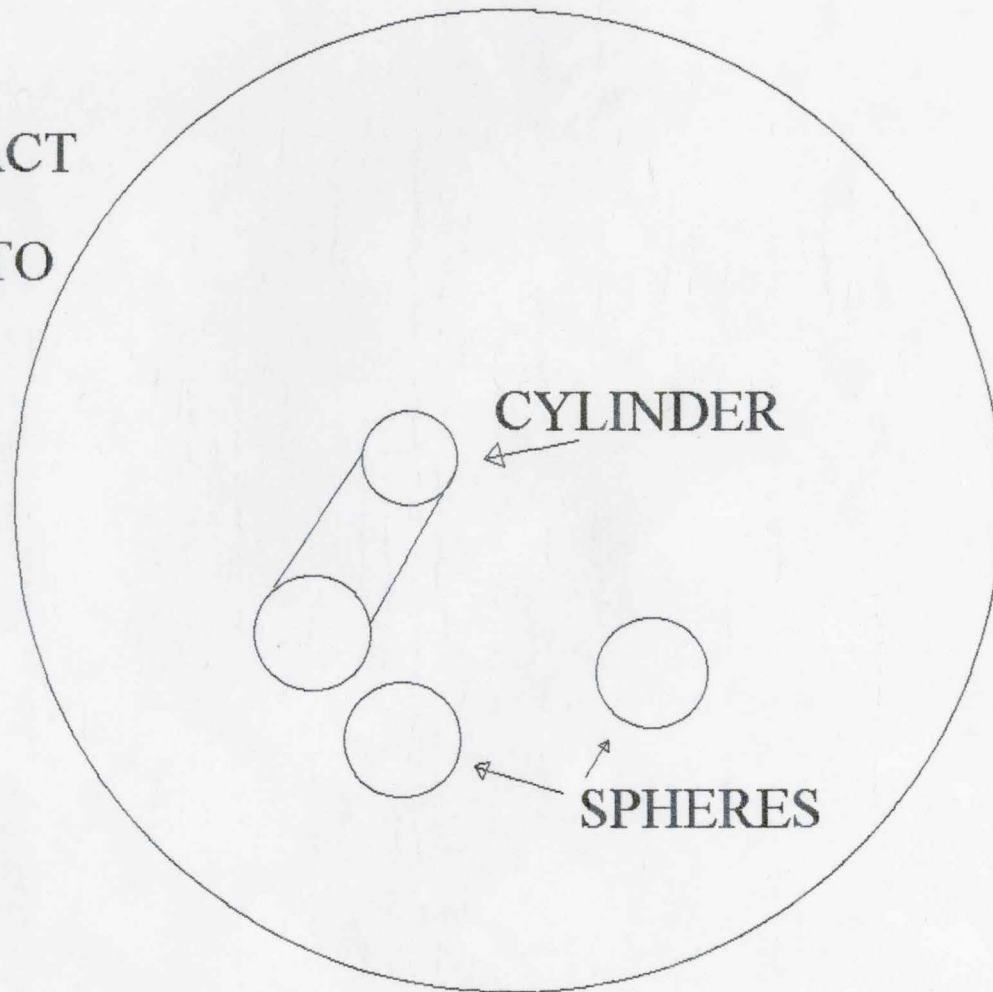
From: R.B.

To: 6 Group

Subject: Ranger VII Photo

Enclosed are several zerox copies of a photo taken by the Ranger 7 moon probe. In it several unidentified masses are visible. The largest of these masses is 50 meters. No official explanation as to the nature or origin of these objects has been given. The only documented coment is that they are of a "contoversial" nature. It is my opinion that the highest piority must be given for obtaining a copy of the original picture. Also any later photographs of the R7 impact site for comparison. It is clear from the photograph that these objects are not impact debris. The surrounding craters are free of any similiar structures. It is clear that whatever these objects are they have been "placed" very gently into the crater. They appear to be artificial and one object in particuliar, resembles some sort of fashioned cylinder. R7 was purposely crashed into the lunar surface. The purpose of this was to determine the impact effects of an object of known mass on the lunar surface. It would appear that these objects were waiting for R7 to impact and probably studied or retrieved the debris. In closing I would like to stress that this should be given a high priority.

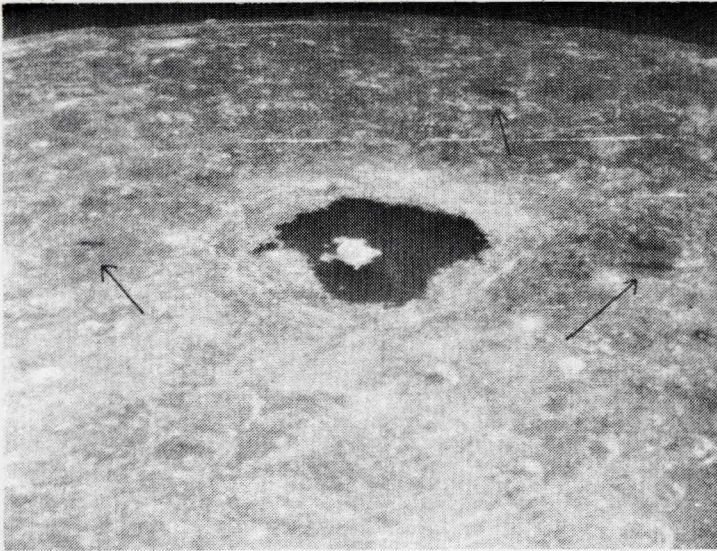
R7
IMPACT
PHOTO



(P) E. T. C. C. C.

MOONDROP DOC.006: Unexplained Moon Phenomena (UMPs)!

1. (P)ETCCC begins its continuing Moondrop Project category 006 by considering three unexplained examples of lunar phenomena for which unambiguous photo evidence exists and has been published.

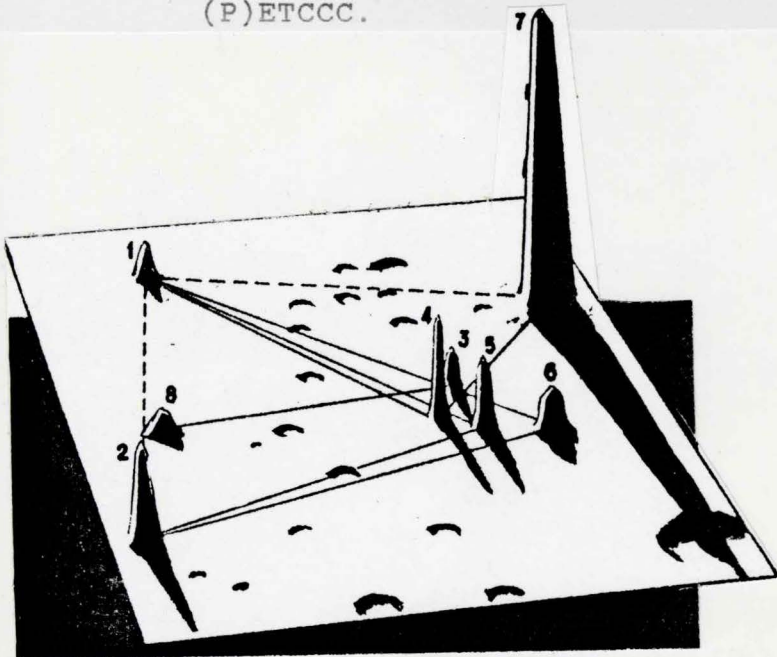
Illus. AIllus. B1

EXAMPLE A. Illustration A above is taken from NASA Apollo 8 (photo No. 8-12-2296) of the Tsiolkowsky Crater area on the far side of the Moon, which the Apollo 8 astronauts referred to as "the Lake." Astronaut Aldrin stated: "When I looked at Tsiolkowsky Crater, it reminded me of a mountain lake with a quiet surface and with a small island in the middle. "The Lake" is about 240 Km wide (1.609 Km = 1 mile), or approx. 195 miles wide. Earthside, the Great Salt Lake in Utah is about 60 miles long. NASA states that the "flat black mass" in this crater is "unknown." Other photos of "the Lake" are known to exist. These show that from the correct angle to do so, "the Lake" reflects available light like an Earthside lake would. Although they don't show up very well in this xerox copy, several other smaller "lakes" are visible in the original photo. Since prevailing opinion holds that water in such an amount as to fill this 240 Km crater doesn't exist on the Moon, (P)ETCCC reserves opinion, but water or liquid might seem an obvious conclusion. The existence of "the Lake" is not generally mentioned in NASA literature.

EXAMPLE B. Illustration B1 above refers to a photo (no No. available) achieved by Orbiter H-2 in 1964 of Lunar coordinates 15.30 E and 04.30 N -- and which was also recorded by the Soviet Luna-9 orbiter, but this time from several different directions, and from which the arrangements and heights of the "spires" have been computed (as shown in Illus. B2 below). The shadow of the

tallest spire in the Orbiter H-2 photo shows it to be a perfect smooth-sided, pyramidal-capped obelisk (as can be found Earthside in Egypt and India.) Height of this tallest obelisk computed by Russian scientists is given as "high as a fifteen story building", or about the height of the Washington National Monument. This height is now considered to be correct. Artistic renderings published earlier by NASA gave the height as only about thirty feet, and showed the spires as natural irregular piles of rocks (as in Earthside Monument Valley), an interpretation that does not correspond to the distinct obelisk shadow taken by NASA's own cameras. (P)ETCCC reserves opinion, but others have not. Journalist Ivan T. Sanderson, publishing the photos in Flying Saucer Review (Sep.-Oct. 1968) stated: "Many phenomena observed on the lunar surface appear to have been devised by intelligent beings."

EXAMPLE C. Example C concerns the semi-large Linne Crater. No photos of it are available because it has disappeared. It was plainly visible to astronomers of the last century, and it appeared in all constructed Moon-maps since the onset of telescopes until its vanishment. It seems to be the only crater to have been discovered and then to vanish. (P)ETCCC reserves opinion on this one, too, but other enthusiasts have considered that a crater could vanish only by being somehow covered over (as with a dome for hydroponic gardening), and thus the covering would reflect light just as the surrounding surface does. Zippo! Vanishment, at least as regards sighting it from Earthside. Explanations that Linne was somehow filled in are untenable considering the large amount of Moon rock needed, and considering that no excavations for such Moon rock have been discovered nearby -- while the explanation that a new meteor impacted and destroyed it is meager, since such impact would leave, yes, a new crater. Anyone having information about the exceedingly interesting Linne Mystery is invited to send it along to (P)ETCCC.



Illus. B2

MOONDROP DOC.006
(P)ETCCC

CHRON 11/23/66

LUNAR ORBITER SNAPS AREA OF TALL SPIRES

Pasadena, Cal. (UPI)—A moon photograph taken by Lunar Orbiter 2 has revealed the presence in a potential astronaut landing area of spires resembling "tall, skinny pyramids."

As the 850-pound spacecraft circled the Moon at an altitude of 29 miles, it snapped a black and white photograph of an area about 750 by 550 feet in site No. 4 of 13 possible Apollo landing points.

The photograph was enlarged about five times and re-released by scientists at Caltech's Jet Propulsion Laboratory. With the release, a National Aeronautics and Space Administration spokesman said the largest of about six protuberances appeared to be 50 feet wide and 40-75 feet high.

"Judging by the shadows cast by Sun, one looks like the George Washington monument," he said.

"Some of the smaller ones look like upside down ice cream cones."

(P) ETCE Base Doc. 001

(P) ETCEE (tentative structure)

6-GROUP Module

Project Earthside Situation Rational R + Evaluation

Witnesses of UFO/ET Phen.

1st + 2nd stage reporting

Earthside Decid Syndrome

Explanation - away syndrome

Hoxes

Cover-ups

UFO/ET phen ~~balance~~ intolerance

Earthside analysis & feedback

Other

6 Networks Normative Module

Project Moonshop R + Eval

Rationale studies

Clementine! Watch, includes future vehicle launches

Moon photo resolution acquisition + eval.

Information/PSI ~~studies~~ Disconnection studies

Unexplained Moon Phenomena (UMP's) acquisition, categorization, evaluation

Questions regarding Official Documentation of Unexplained Moon Phen (UMP's)

Moon observer networks
Other

Project Esper novel (P) techniques + strategies

(P) Expedition efforts, tech Force A recognition, comparison + Evaluation.

Project Esper/database independent

Human/ET interaction ~~studies~~

Project Space Side Set Rationale

non-territorial intelligences goals/motives

PIO formats

Course formats

Hard ware

Soft ware

Other (alien)

Methods of ware

~~Command~~ Command

Control

Communications

Project analysis
Project Evaluation & Reevaluation Module